THE CHALLENGE OF OUR LIFETIME

Andreas Beckmann, 29 March 2022

SUMMARY

The Challenge The case for action WWF's sustainability agenda Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)

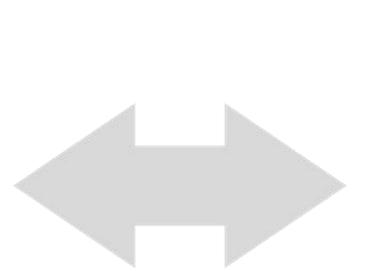
THE CHALLENGE

The two sides of the ecological challenge



Climate Change





Loss of Nature

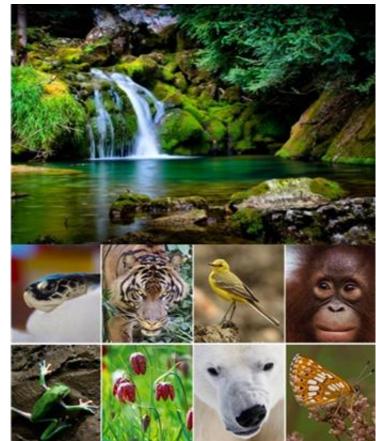
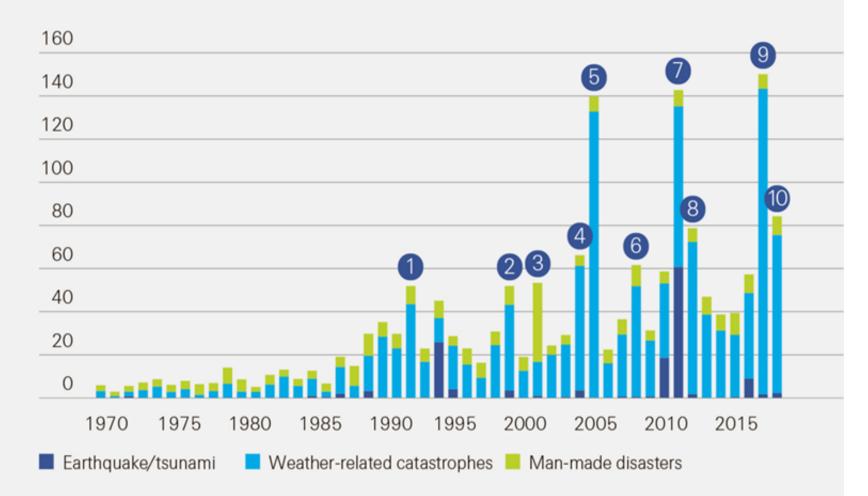






Figure 3 Insured catastrophe losses, 1970–2018 (USD billion, in 2018 prices)

- 1. Hurricane Andrew
- 2. Winter Storm Lothar
- 3. WTC
- 4. Hurricanes Ivan, Charley, Frances
- 5. Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, Wilma
- 6. Hurricanes Ike, Gustav
- 7. Japan, NZ earthquakes, Thailand flood
- 8. Hurricane Sandy
- 9. Hurricanes Harvey, Irma, Maria
- 10. Camp Fire, Typhoon Jebi



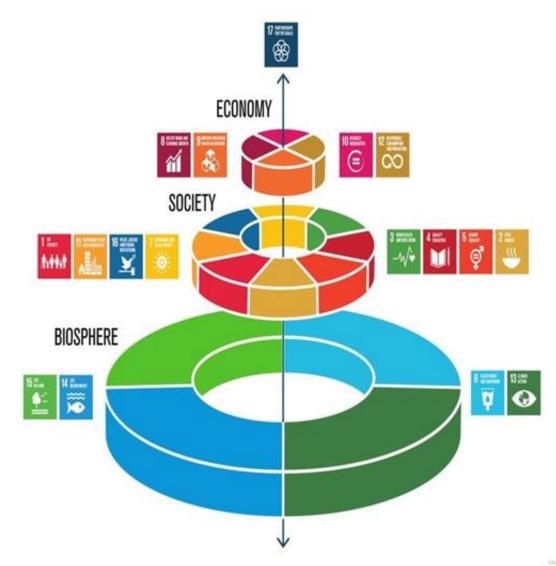
Source: Swiss Re Institute

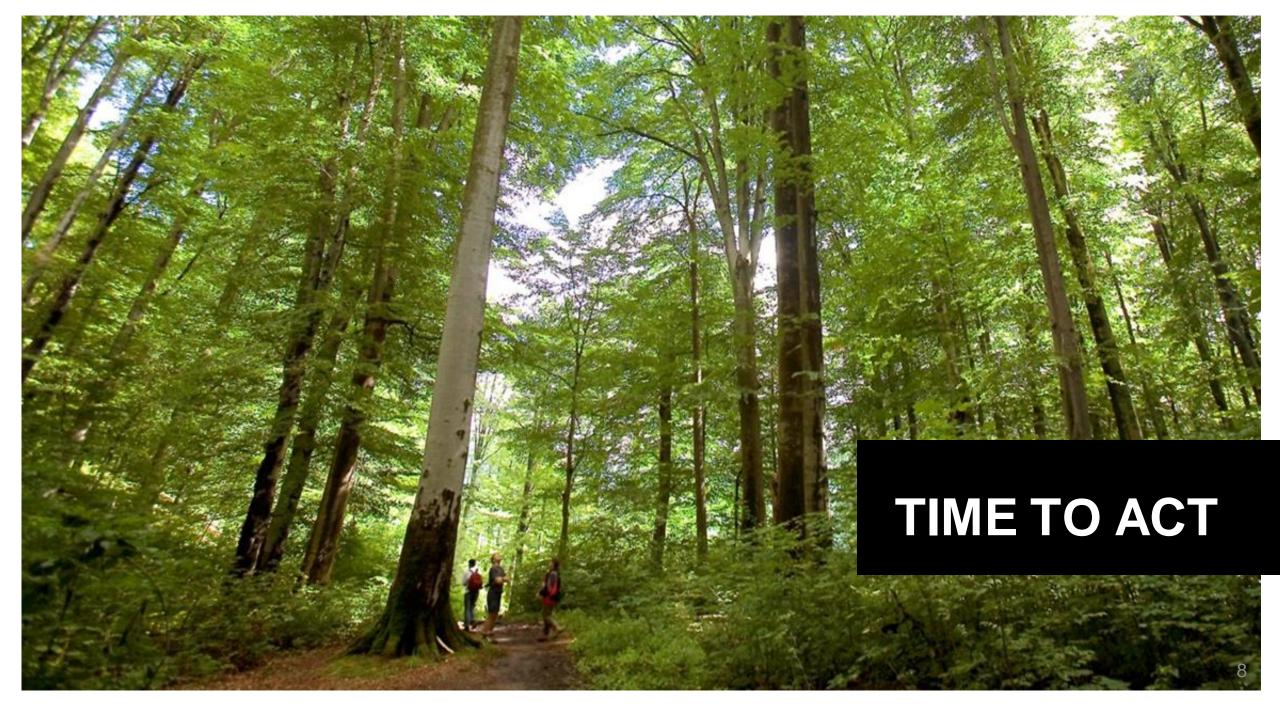
\$125 trillion

The estimated annual value, of the goods and servies nature provides us

The Biosphere is the foundation for all SDG's







Global spotlight on the future





IN PARTNERSHIP WITH ITALY

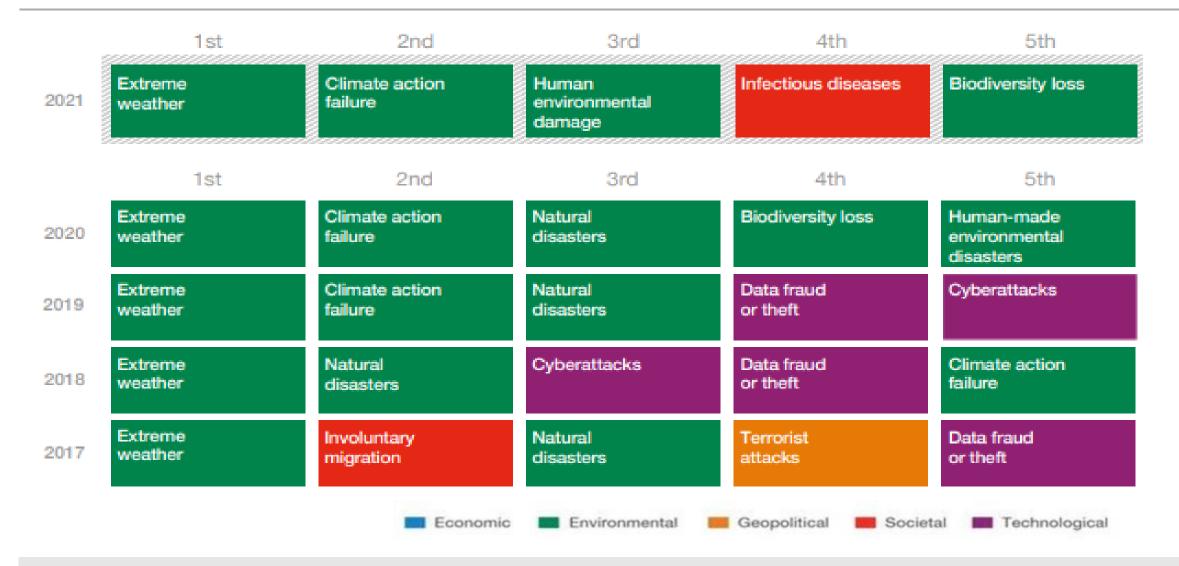
First climate neutral continent by 2050



The European Green Deal GreenDeal

Top 5 global risks by likelihood in 2021





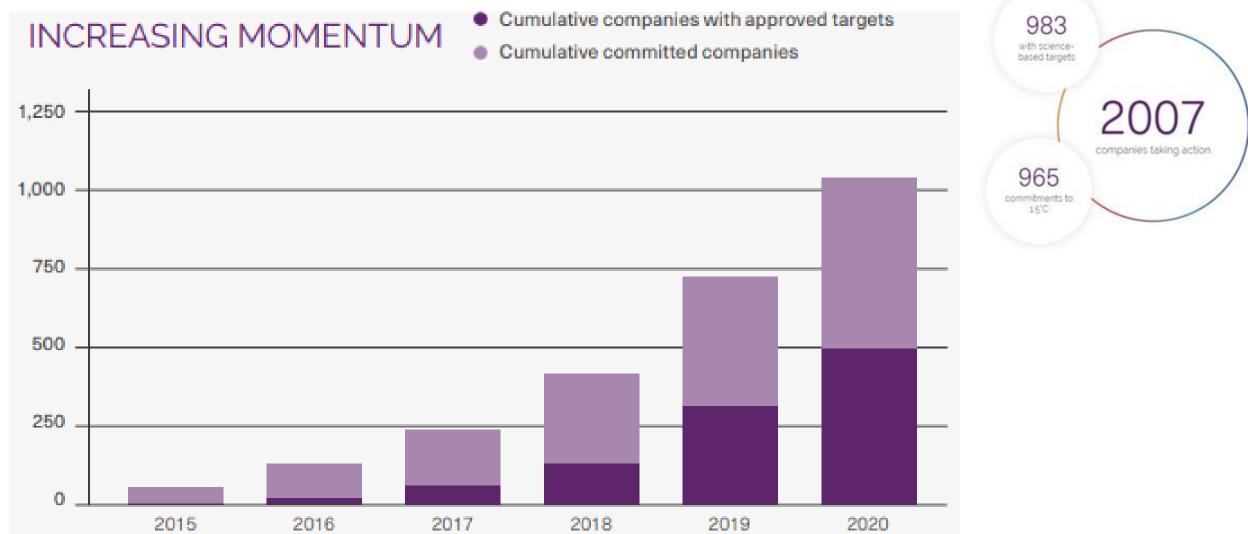
(Source: World Economic Forum - The Global Risks Report 2021)

WØRLD

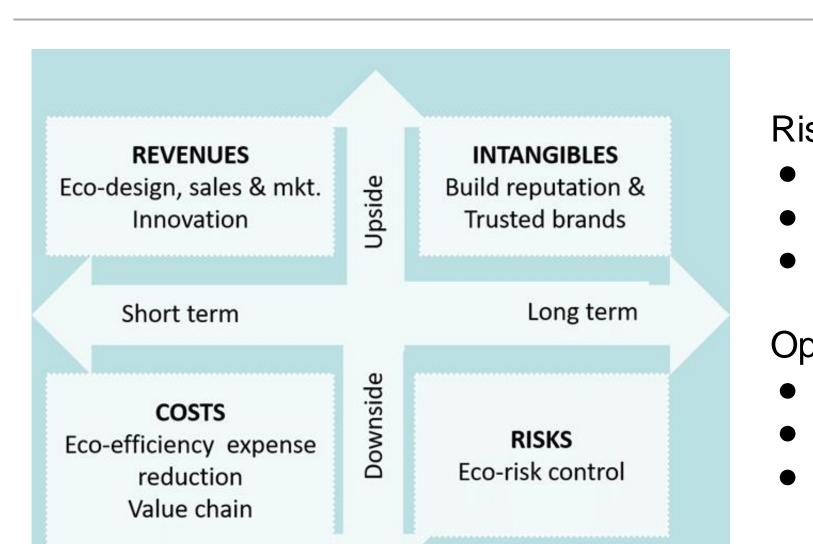
ECONOMIC FORUM

Companies taking action through SBTi





The Business Case for Sustainability



Risk

- Regulatory
- Reputational
- Supply chain

Opportunity

- Innovation, development
- Cost-efficiency
- Reputation

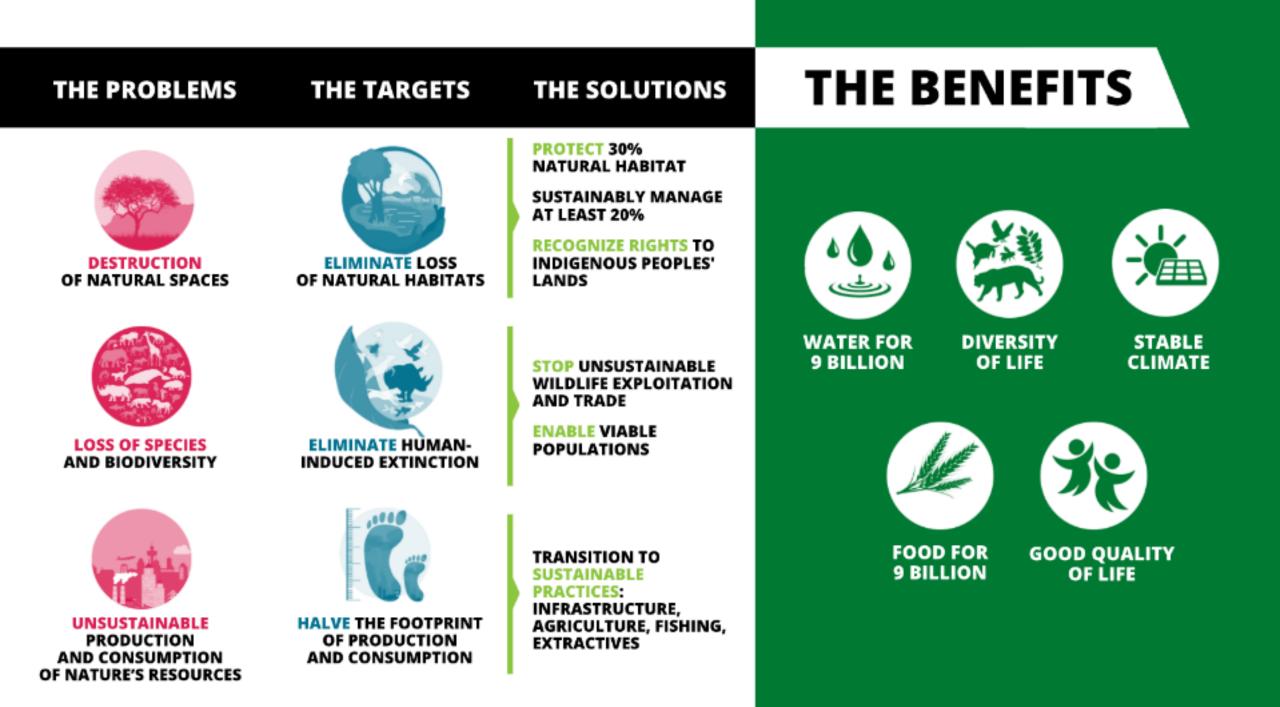
WWF'S SUSTAINABILITY AGENDA



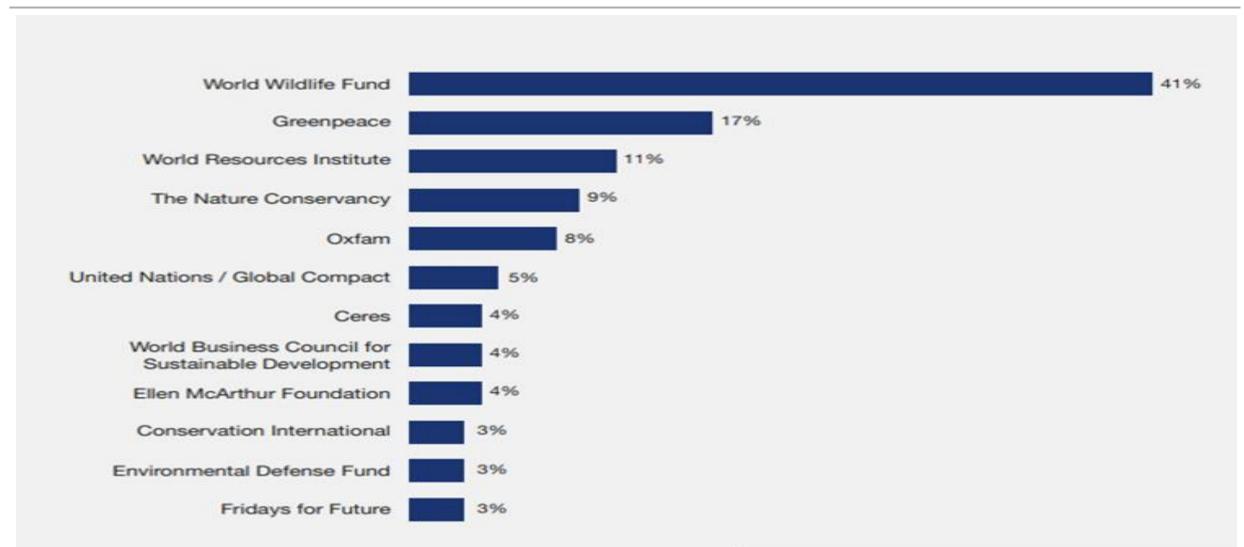
BY 2030, WE PROTECT AND RESTORE NATURE FOR THE BENEFIT OF PEOPLE AND THE PLANET



Aligned to SDGs, UNFCCC and CBD – and the New Deal for Nature & People



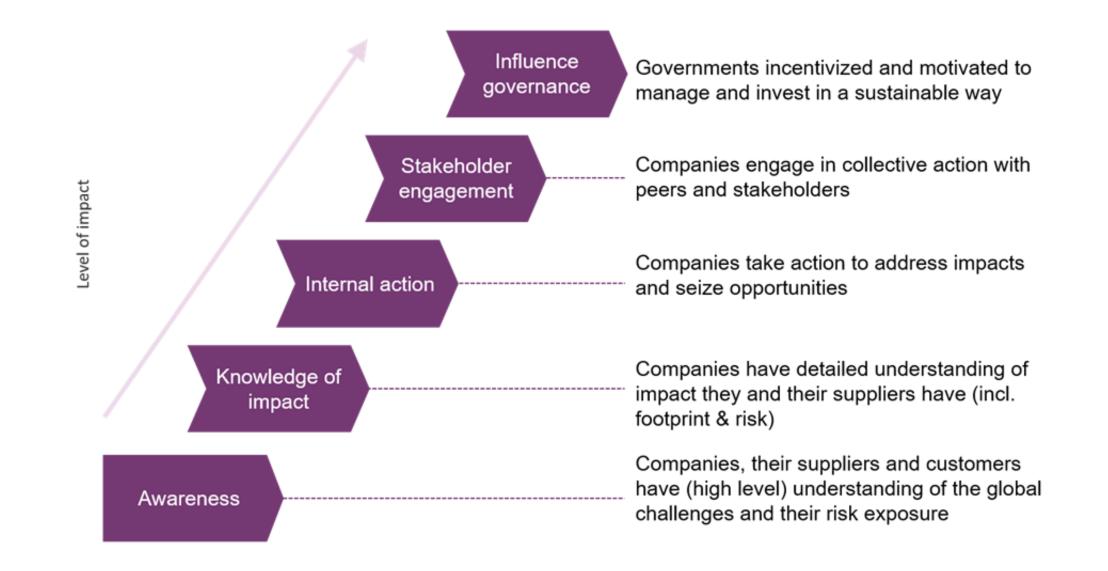
WWF: NGO Sustainability Leader



2021 Globescan survey

The Corporate Journey





How do we engage the corporate sector?





WHAT IS THE SCIENCE BASED TARGETS INITIATIVE?



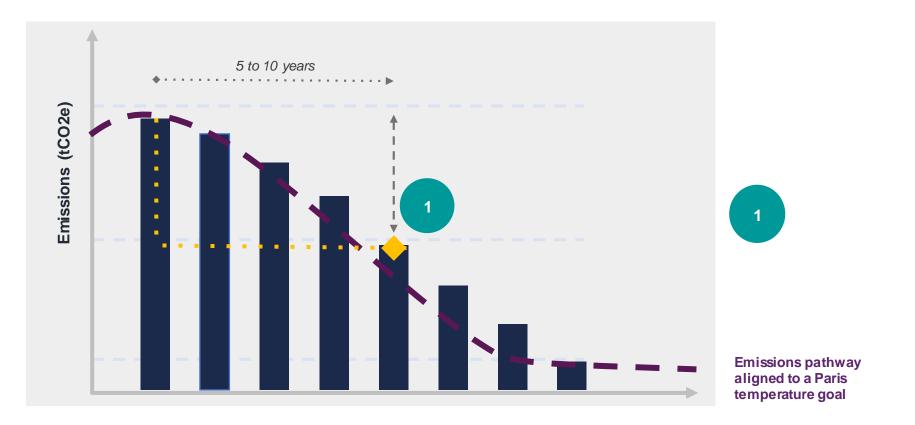


The Science Based Targets initiative drives ambitious climate action in the private sector by enabling companies to set science-based emissions reduction targets to meet the goals of the Paris Climate Agreement.



WHEN IS A TARGET CONSIDERED TO BE SCIENCE-BASED?





Targets adopted by companies to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions are considered "science-based" if they are in line with what the latest climate science says is necessary to **meet the goals of the Paris Agreement**: limiting global warming to **1.5** °C above pre-industrial levels.

SBTs help companies determine how much and how fast they need to reduce its GHG emissions.

HOW ARE SBTs DETERMINED?





FROM PARIS AGREEMENT

TO SBTs



- Mitigation goals for the global economy
- Expressed as a long-term goal
- Expressed in temperature metrics



- Targets at the company level covering the most relevant source of emissions across the value-chain
- With a timeframe that ensures accountability and drives short-term action (5 to 10 years)
- Expressed in metrics that are relevant for the sector/company

OUR PROGRESS TO DATE





WHY DO COMPANIES JOIN?



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ADDRESS STAKEHOLDERS EXPECTATIONS i.e: long term sustainability of business model

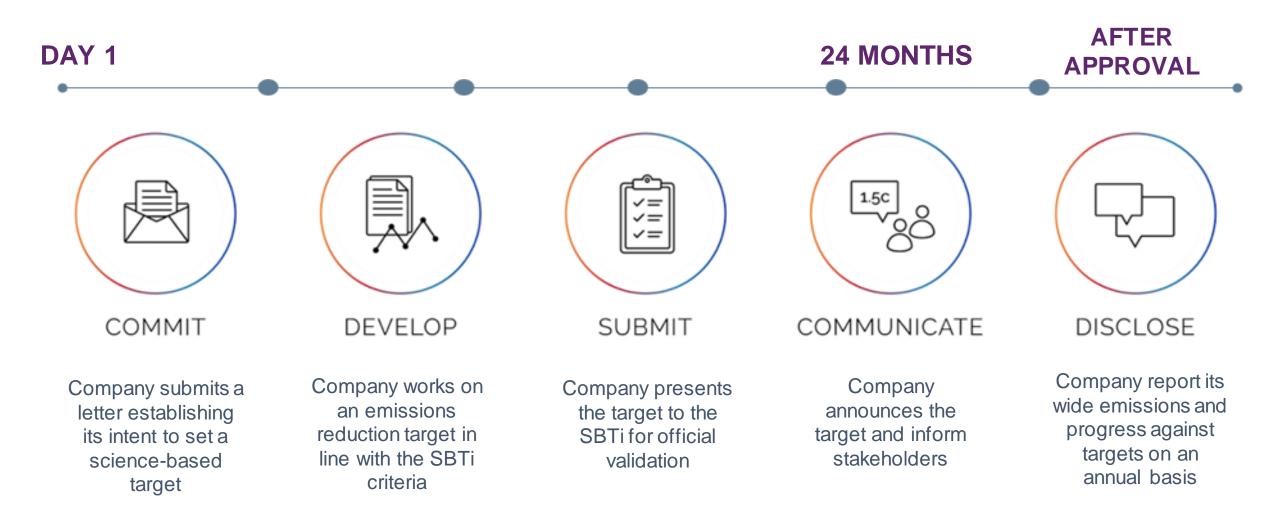
INCREASE COMPETITIVENESS i.e. minimize energy and emissions-related costs

ANTICIPATE REGULATORY, POLICY AND MARKET DEVELOPMENT i.e: mitigate transition risks

SEIZE OPPORTUNITIES BEHIND THE LOW-CARBON TRANSITION i.e: low - carbon products/services

LARGE COMPANIES





INTRODUCTION TO THE SBTi



OUR PROGRESS TO DATE



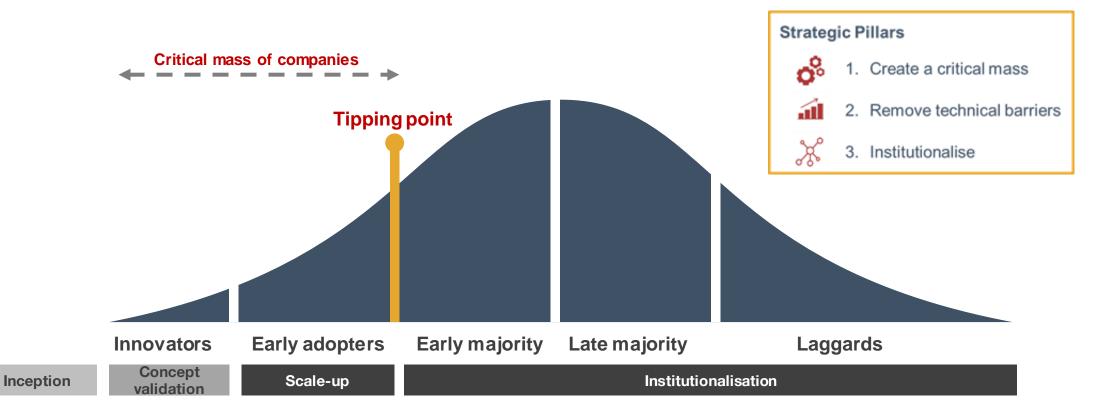
Scope 3 target setting is now standard practice

- 94% of companies with approved sciencebased targets have set scope 3 targets in line with climate science;
- We are also seeing a cascading effect of science-based target setting as companies seek to reduce their supply chain impacts, with 69 companies setting supplier engagement targets requiring their suppliers to set their own science-based targets.

INTRODUCTION TO THE SBTi



WHAT WE ARE TRYING TO ACHIEVE?









Working to sustain the natural world for the benefit of people and wildlife. WWF-CEE gratefully acknowledges funding support from the LIFE Programme of the European Union. All content and opinions are solely those of WWF-CEE.



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